

2017 LSHR Plant Releases



1. ***Abelmoschus moschatus* ssp. *tuberosus* MALVACEAE** (Musk Mallow) - Tender perennial producing dark-red, hibiscus-like flowers from late spring to fall. Returns from underground tubers each spring. Thrives in full sun and tolerates wet and clay soils. Grows to 2'. Propagated by seed or tubers.



- 2. Buxus microphylla 'Peergold' BUXACEAE (Golden Dream Boxwood)** – Evergreen shrub producing bright-green variegated leaves with irregular golden-yellow margins. Densely branched, rounded growth habit. Grows to 2' X 2'. Prefers part sun to shade (PP#16052, propagation is prohibited)



- 3. Cephalotaxus harringtonia 'Duke Gardens' CEPHALOTAXACEAE**
(Duke Garden Japanese Plum Yew) – Evergreen coniferous shrub with fine textured, dark green, glossy, needle-like foliage. New spring growth is light green. Spreading growth habit forming a compact mound. Slow grower to 3' X 4'. Low maintenance plant. Prefers part shade. Propagated by cuttings.



4. ***Ilex vomitoria* 'Taylor's Rudolph'** **AQUIFOLIACEAE** (Taylor's Rudolph Dwarf Yaupon) – Female dwarf evergreen shrub with small, glossy, dark green leaves which emerge brick-red in spring. Produces bright-red berries in fall. Low maintenance plant adaptable to a wide range of cultural conditions. Grows to 3' X 5'. Prefers full sun. Needs a male selection of the same species growing nearby to set fruit. Propagated by cuttings.



5. *Microsorium scolopendrium* 'Green Wave' POLYPODIACEA

(Green Wave Fern) – Tropical fern with creeping rhizomes bearing wavy to curly sturdy, dark-green fronds. Great container plant but also suitable for planting in a tropical garden. Prefers filtered light and high humidity. Grows to 2'. Propagated by division of rhizomes.



6. **Osmanthus heterophyllus 'Goshiki' OLEACEAE** (Variegated False Holly) – Tough evergreen shrub with striking variegated foliage. Green, holly-like leaves are flecked with creamy-white and yellow-green, with new growth emerging pink to reddish-bronze. Occasional insignificant flowers in late summer. Prefers full sun to part shade. Slow growing to 8'. Propagated by cuttings.



7. *Stachytarpheta jamaicensis* VERBENACEAE (Florida Dwarf Porterweed) – Tender perennial best treated as an annual. May regrow from roots in mild winters. Produces spikes of small, light-blue to lavender flowers from summer to frost. Florida native plant growing to 2' X 3'. Prefers full sun and hot summers. Great butterfly plant.



- 8. *Tabebuia chrysantha* BIGNONIACEAE** (Golden Trumpet Tree) – Tropical deciduous tree producing large, tubular shaped, deep-yellow flowers in March to April before leaves emerge. Slow grower to 25'. Prefers full sun and well-drained soil. May die back to ground during cold winters. Propagated by seeds.



- 9. Trachelospermum asiaticum 'HOSNS' APOCYNACEAE** (Snow-N-Summer Asiatic Jasmine) – Woody evergreen groundcover or climber with striking pink and white new growth. Mature foliage is variegated white and emerald green. Variegation will remain into winter months. Best color in part sun to light shade. Propagated by cuttings.



- 10. *Viburnum luzonicum* CAPRIFOLIACEAE (Snow Joey Viburnum) –**
Easy care deciduous shrub with lacy white flower clusters in spring. Produces bright-red berries in fall along with great fall color. Grows 6-8' to 4-6'. Prefers full sun to part shade and tolerates a wide range of soil conditions. Southern Living Plant Collection. Introduced and developed by Buddy Lee. (PPIP-Plant Patent in Progress)

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